Sniffing cable modems

Guy Martin <gmsoft@tuxicoman.be>
Defcon 16 - Aug 2008 – Las Vegas

Agenda

- What is DOCSIS?
 - Use of DOCSIS
 - General architecture
 - Registration process
 - Encryption on the link
- Cool, how can I sniff it?
 - DVB-C card
 - Packet-o-matic to the rescue

Agenda

- Doable things
 - Privacy
 - Modem SNMP hacks
 - Misc
- References
 - DOCSIS
 - MPEG
 - Packet-o-matic

- Use of DOCSIS
 - Internet: The most known application of the DOCSIS protocol
 - Telephony : Most cable modems have a built-in ATA (Analog Telephone Adapter)
 - Digital TV decoders : built-in cable modems to monitor/feedback data from end users

- General architecture
 - CMTS on the ISP side broadcast packets to end users on a common single frequency
 - Modems on end user side send packets back to CMTS on another frequency during its timeslot
 - A CMTS serves from a small neighborhood to a whole city
 - Downstream frequency is in the same range than TV ones
 - Uses MPEG packets like normal digital TV to encapsulate data

- Registration process
 - Aquire and lock the downstream frequency
 - From this, find out the upstream parameters
 - Get an IP address
 - Download the modem configuration via TFTP
 - Apply the configuration and enable forwarding of packets

- Encryption on the link
 - Encryption and authentication are NOT mandatory
 - BPI (Baseline Privacy Interface) provides a mechanism for authentication and/or encryption
 - DES and AES are the two possible encryption algorithms

How to sniff it

- DVB-C card
 - Possible because protocols and frequencies are purposely similar to digital TV ones
 - Inexpensive
 - Only the downstream traffic can be captured
 - Different hardware like USRP could be used to capture both upstream and downstream

How to sniff it

- Packet-o-matic to the rescue
 - Input module capture the traffic
 - Packets are processed and matched using match, helpers and conntrack modules
 - Eventually the target module process the packets to produce the desired output
 - Everything occurs real-time
 - Telnet and XML-RPC interface available

Doable things

Privacy

- Sniff data destinated to all ISP users
- Reassemble streams real-time and extract useable files on the fly (mail, phone and IM conversations, ...)
- DoS by reinjecting TCP RST (tcpkill) packets or ICMP error packets

Doable things

- Modem SNMP hacks
 - Change IP filters of the modem's ethernet bridge
 - Deny access to the server polling the download/upload quota
 - Reboot the modem
 - Anything else the modem's SNMP interface allows

Doable things

Misc

- Bypass modem filters by reinjecting sniffed packets in the LAN
- Create a virtual network interface (tap device) so other tools can be used

References

- DOCSIS
 - http://www.cablelabs.com/
 - http://www.cablemodem.com/specifications/
- MPEG
 - ISO/IEC 13818-1
- Packet-o-matic
 - http://www.packet-o-matic.com